

# CHAPTER REVIEW

## Summary

- After World War I, life in the United States became fast paced. The arrival of the automobile was an example of this new lifestyle. Henry Ford made cars more affordable. In turn, the availability of automobiles helped all types of North Carolina businesses grow.
- In the five years after the end of World War I, great numbers of people moved to North Carolina towns and cities.
- The Loray Mill strike ultimately created a distrust of labor unions in North Carolina.
- Governor Gardner so effectively reorganized state government that his allies controlled both the Democratic Party and the state through World War II.
- The Great Depression began in 1929 with the crash of the stock market.
- When Franklin D. Roosevelt became president in 1933, the federal government immediately began to fight the effects of the Great Depression through implementation of various New Deal programs. New Deal programs provided relief, recovery, and reform.
- The tobacco price support program was important to North Carolina.
- The General Strike of 1934 was the most aggressive strike by workers in North Carolina's history.
- During World War II, North Carolina became an important military training center and also a key producer of materials used to fight the war.

## Reviewing People, Places, and Terms

Create a word search using at least 12 of the following terms from the chapter. Beneath the puzzle, write clues for each word you have chosen and leave a blank space for the word.

assembly line  
Blue Ridge Parkway  
depression  
General Strike  
Live at Home Program  
minimum wage  
moonshine  
New Deal  
O. Max Gardner  
parity  
rationing  
relief  
secret ballot  
stock market  
stretch-out  
tobacco price supports  
tobacco allotment

## Understanding the Facts

1. What did state leaders decide to build in order to make automobiles a better part of industrial "progress"?

- Why were the textile mills one of the most paradoxical places in North Carolina?
- What was one result of the Loray Mill strike?
- What problems led to the stock market crash of 1929 and the Great Depression?
- What institutions closed in large numbers during the Great Depression, causing many people to lose all their money? What industry continued to make huge profits during the Great Depression?
- What did all of the New Deal measures have in common?
- What was one of the biggest things the New Deal created in North Carolina?
- What two actions did Congress undertake at the beginning of World War II that immediately impacted North Carolinians?
- During World War II, how was the sale of most goods and products controlled?

### Developing Critical Thinking

- How do you think the Loray Mill strike affected the ability of North Carolina mill workers to receive fair pay and safe working conditions?
- What factors do you believe caused some people to gain wealth and power quickly in North Carolina in the 1920s, while others sank deeper and deeper into poverty and insignificance?
- Describe the benefits and drawbacks of Congress extending the income tax to most Americans, including North Carolinians, at the start of World War II.

### Applying Your Skills

- If the Charlotte Ford plant turned out 300 Model T's a day during the year 1914, and one-fourth of the households in Charlotte bought a Model T from the plant, and Charlotte had approximately 8,500 households, how many Model T's were sold outside of the city of Charlotte that year?

- Illustrate the cycle of depression in North Carolina, using the facts given on pages 406–407.
- Draw a graph comparing the numbers of North Carolina soldiers who lost their lives during the Civil War, World War I, and World War II.

### Exploring Technology

- Go to web site [plasma.nationalgeographic.com/pearlharbor/](http://plasma.nationalgeographic.com/pearlharbor/) and click on the box to the right that says “Attack Map.” Click “Begin” and then click on the orange arrows just above the timeline until you have watched the story of the attack.
- Go to web site [en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hickory,\\_North\\_Carolina](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hickory,_North_Carolina), scroll down to the “History” section, and read the second paragraph. Compare the philanthropic efforts made by the Red Cross in Hickory to the efforts made by the Red Cross following the crisis on September 11, 2001, in New York City.

### Writing Across the Curriculum

- Write a radio commercial for one of the big North Carolina tobacco companies in 1922 to be aired on WBT Radio in Charlotte.
- Write a letter from a North Carolina woman during World War II to her mother, living in Massachusetts, describing the sacrifices she has made because of the war.

### Exploring Diversity

- The New Deal's AAA farm program did not help some black farmers, because many of them were sharecroppers. Do you believe that there are social reform programs today that are helpful to some ethnic groups but are not helpful to others? Give an example.